

### PRODUCT CODE CS010

### INTENDED USE

Drabkin's reagent is used for the quantitative determination of hemoglobin concentration in whole blood.

#### CLINICAL SIGNIFICANT

Hemoglobin is a protein compound which functions in the transport of oxygen from the lungs to other body tissues. The measurement of iron content in whole blood is one the best method to assess blood hemoglobin. Hemoglobin is a porphyrin-iron (II) which is important for energy metabolism. Cyanmethemoglobin is the most widely accepted method, this is where erythrocytes are lysed by a stromatolytic agent in the presence of a surfactant and this releases their hemoglobin into solution. It is this internationally adapted method that is employed in this procedure. There are some conditions (for example; polycythemia and anemia) which exist that can result in altering normal hemoglobin concentration present in blood, therefore by carrying out this assay will help in the detection of these conditions.

#### PRINCIPLE

Hemoglobin reagent is based on cyanmethemoglobin method that has been adopted as a standard method. In this method, erythrocytes are lysed by a stromalitic agent in the presence of a surfactant and release their hemoglobin into solution. Hemoglobin is oxidized to methaemoglobin by Ferricyanide and the methaemoglobin is converted to cyanmethemoglobin by addition of KCN. The absorbance of cyanmethemoglobin is measured at 540 nm and color intensity is proportional to hemoglobin concentration.

### REAGENT COMPOSITION

DRABKIN'S REAGENT, 50 X concentrated ...

Potassium ferricyanide	30 mmol/l
Potassium cyanide	38 mmol/l
Monopotassium	50 mmol/l
phosphate	
Detergent	25ml/l

# STORAGE AND STABILITY

Drabkin's Reagent: Store at 15-25°C The reagent is stable until the expiration date indicated on the box when stored in the dark at the recommended condition. Discard working reagent if the solution is turbid.

#### SAMPLE

Whole blood collected in EDTA

### PREPARATION AND STABILITY OF WORKING REAGENT

 Concentrated Drabkin's Reagent
 1 volume

 Deionized Water
 49 volume

 Discard the solution if discolored or darkened.

 The working reagent is stable up to 1 month at 15-25°C (do not refrigerate).

#### NORMAL RANGE

Neonates	:	16-25 g/dl
1 year old	:	11-14 g/dl
Children	:	12-16 g /dl
Men	:	14-18 g /dl
Women	:	12-16 g /dl

#### PRECAUTION

 Extreme care should be taken with the haemoglobin reagents as it contains cyanide which is poisonous. Do not pipette by mouth.
 Do not mix with acids. Discard by flushing with large volumes of water.

## PROCEDURE

Wavelength	:	546nm, 500 nm
Cuvette	:	1 cm light path
Temperature	:	15-25°C
Measurement	:	Against working reagent blank



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**Drabkin's Reagent** Determination of Haemoglobin

Cyanmethemoglobin Method



Pipette into cuvettes	Blank	Sample	
Working Reagent	5 ml	5 ml	
Sample		20 µ1	
Mix and incubate for 3 min, at room temperature (15-25			

Measure the absorbance of sample against working reagent blank. The color intensity is stable for 1 hour.

The reaction mixture should not be exposed to strong light.

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# CALCULATION WITH FACTOR

Hemoglobin in g/dl =  $A_{sample} \times 36.77$ 

#### Linearity

This reagent is linear up to 20 g/dL

SYMBOL ON LABELS

Symbols	Signify	Symbols	Signify
REF	Catalogue Number	SIZE	Pack Size
$\sum$	Expiry Date	VOL	Volume
ł	Storage Condition	LOT	Lot Number
Ĩ	Instruction for Use	IVD	In Vitro Diagnostics
$\sim \sim$	Manufacturing Date	<b>**</b> *	Manufacturer
∑∑	Number of Tests	2	For Single Use Only
EC REP	EC Representative	(€	European conformity

### BIBLIOGRAPHY

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